

**I B. Tech I Sem Supple & II Sem Regular Examinations, June, 2015**  
**Basic Electrical Engineering**  
**(Common to EEE, ECE, CSE, BME, IT, CE & ME)**

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 70

**PART – A**

Answer ALL questions. All questions carry equal marks

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10 \* 2 Marks = 20 Marks

- 1). a Explain Ohm's Law. [2]
- b Give the relations of Star to Delta Transformation. [2]
- c If 'n' capacitors are connected in parallel, obtain the expression for  $C_{eq}$ . [2]
- d With a phasor representation explain the concept of Lagging Current. [2]
- e A current of  $i=5\sin(100\pi t + 30^\circ)$  flows through an impedance of  $(6+j8)\Omega$ . Determine the Apparent Power and Power Factor. [2]
- f Define the terms Form factor and peak factor and give their values for a Sinusoidal Signal. [2]
- g State Thevenin's and Norton's Theorem. [2]
- h Define the terms Bandwidth and Quality Factor. [2]
- i Give the classification of DC Motors. [2]
- j What are the different types of Transformers? Explain. [2]

**PART – B**

Answer any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks

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5 \* 10 Marks = 50 Marks

2. a) Explain the Kirchoffs Laws with example. [10]
- b) What is the value of the unknown resistor R in the circuit shown in figure 1 below if the voltage drop across the  $500\Omega$  resistor is 2.5V.

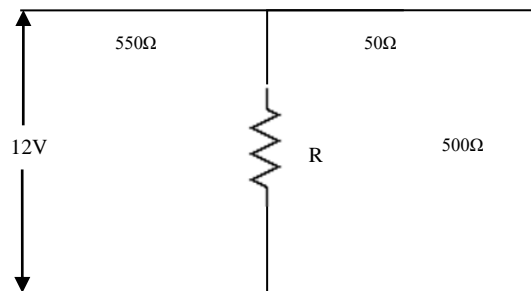


Figure 1

3. a) An RLC circuit has  $100\Omega$ , 1mH and  $0.5\mu\text{F}$  connected in series. If the circuit is excited by a supply of  $V=200 \sin(100\pi t)$ , determine the impedance of the circuit and current flowing in the circuit. [10]

3. b) Find the current through the  $4\Omega$  resistor for the circuit in figure 2 below.

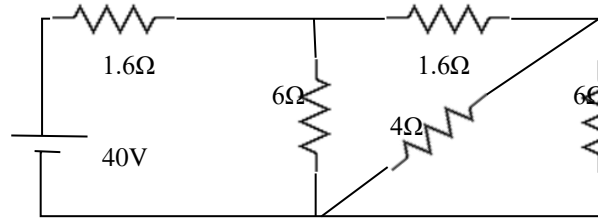


Figure 2

4. a) Explain the concept of Generation of a Sinusoidal Voltage. [10]  
 b) Obtain the expression for the RMS and Average values of the alternating signal given in the figure 3 below.

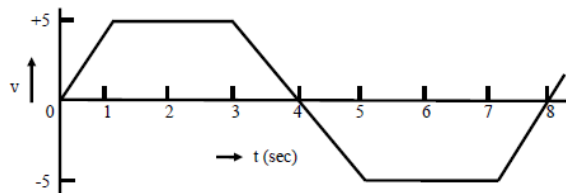


Figure 3

5. a) Explain the concept of Resonance and obtain the expression for the Resonant Frequency of a parallel RLC circuit. [10]  
 b) Explain the procedure for circuit analysis using nodal analysis with an example.  
 6. With a neat sketch explain the construction and working of a single phase transformer and derive the expression for the induced emf. [10]  
 7. a) Deduce the current  $I$  supplied by the battery in the circuit shown in figure 4 below. [10]

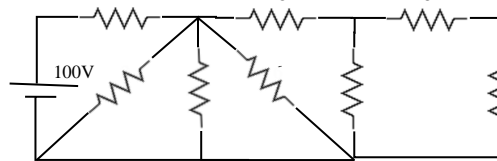


Figure 4

- b) Define terms Apparent Power, Active Power, Reactive Power and Power factor.  
 8. a) Calculate the maximum power delivered to load resistor  $R_L$  of the circuit in figure 5 below. [10]

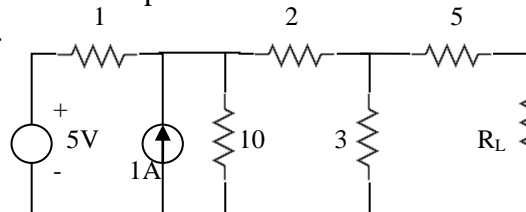


Figure 5

- b) List out the various applications of DC Motors.

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